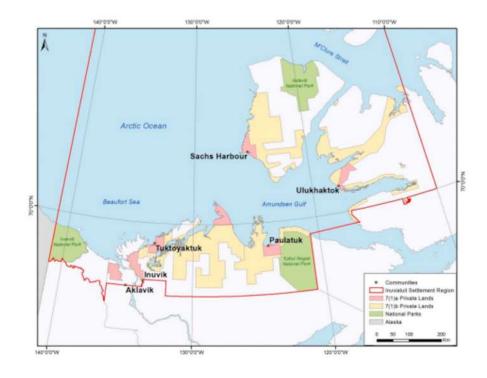
Representation of Indigenous Stories in Cultural Heritage Digital Libraries: A Metadata Approach

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Acknowledgement

As researchers at the University of Alberta, we acknowledge that we are located on Treaty 6 territory, and respect the histories, languages, and cultures of First Nations, Métis, Inuit, and all First Peoples of Canada, whose presence continues to enrich our vibrant community. We would particularly like to acknowledge our collaborative partners from the Paulatuk, Ulukhaktok, Sachs Harbour, Tuktoyaktuk, Inuvik, and Aklavik communities of the Inuvialuit Settlement Region (ISR) in the Northwest Territories.



Map showing the Inuvialuit Settlement Region (ISR) communities. Inuvialuit Regional Corporation, "ISR Private Lands," 2016.

Outline

- Inuvialuit Digital Library
- Inuvialuit Voices Project Objectives
- Community-based methodology
- Digital storytelling and Indigenous communities
- Inuvialuit digital storytelling workshop
- Inuvialuit elder stories
- Facets and metadata elements

Inuvialuit Digital Library

Developed in partnership between the Inuvialuit Cultural Centre and the University of Alberta.

Several thousand resources including language learning booklets, oral histories and genealogies, and photographs.

Based on community defined organization and description.

Desires expressed for ways of adding new stories as well as using story to enhance existing resources.

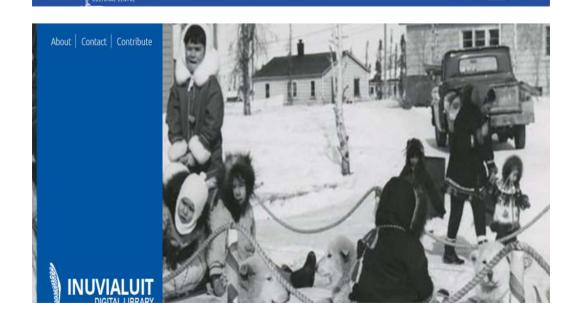
Inuvialuit Digital Library



Inuvialuit Voices Project Objectives

Overarching objective: to investigate, develop, and evaluate a real-time, audiorecording digital storytelling and commenting user interface for the Inuvialuit Digital Library in the Inuvialuit Settlement Region (ISR) in order to facilitate live capturing of Inuit community input and stories while interacting with the **Digital Library.**





Specific objectives

- Establishing a novel community-driven participatory design methodology for developing an audio-recording digital storytelling user interface,
- Designing, prototyping, and developing an interface with Inuvialuktun features such as storytelling functionalities that can be captured in real time,
- Enhancing the currently-available digital materials of cultural heritage within the Library through real-time stories by Inuvialuit community members,
- Conducting a community-driven usability evaluation of the real-time digital storytelling user interface and its audio-recording functionalities.



Collaborative Team & Geographic Context







Three languages are spoken in the Inuvialuit Settlement Region:

Sallirmiutun

A dialect of Inuvialuktun spoken by the coastal Inuvialuit people of Tuktoyaktuk, Paulatuk, and Sachs Harbour. This also includes Inuvik, where many coastal Inuvialuit now reside. Sallirmiut means "people located closest to the shore."

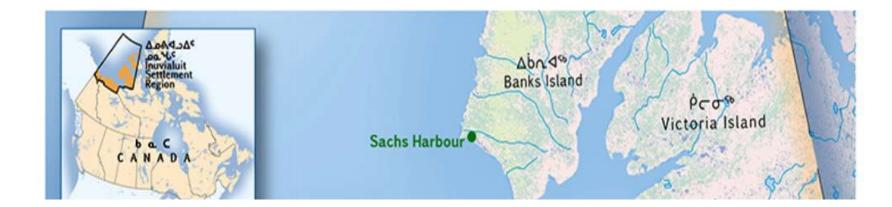
Uummarmiutun

Spoken in the tree-lined inland communities of Aklavik and Inuvik, Uummarmiut means "people of the evergreens and willows." The origin of this language comes from the Alaskan Inupiaq language.

Kangiryuarmiutun

Spoken in the community of Ulukhaktok on Victoria Island, Kangiryuarmiut means "people of the large bay." This language is a dialect of Inuinnaqtun, which is the language of the Central Arctic-Kitikmeot communties (such as Cambridge Bay, Kugluktuk, and Ulukhaktok).

The map below shows the areas where each language is spoken.



Community-Based Methodology



Participatory Research Participatory Design Ethnography

Ethnography

 "A naturalistic method in that it relies upon material drawn from the <u>firsthand experience</u> of a fieldworker in some setting and seeks to present a portrait of life as seen and understood by those who live and work within the domain concerned." (Crabtree et al., 2000)







Digital Storytelling and Indigenous Communities

For Indigenous peoples in particular, story is a critical method of sharing and preserving knowledge, culture, and history

Many Indigenous peoples are turning to information and communication technologies to support this sharing and preservation







Understanding Storytelling in Context



Participating Elders

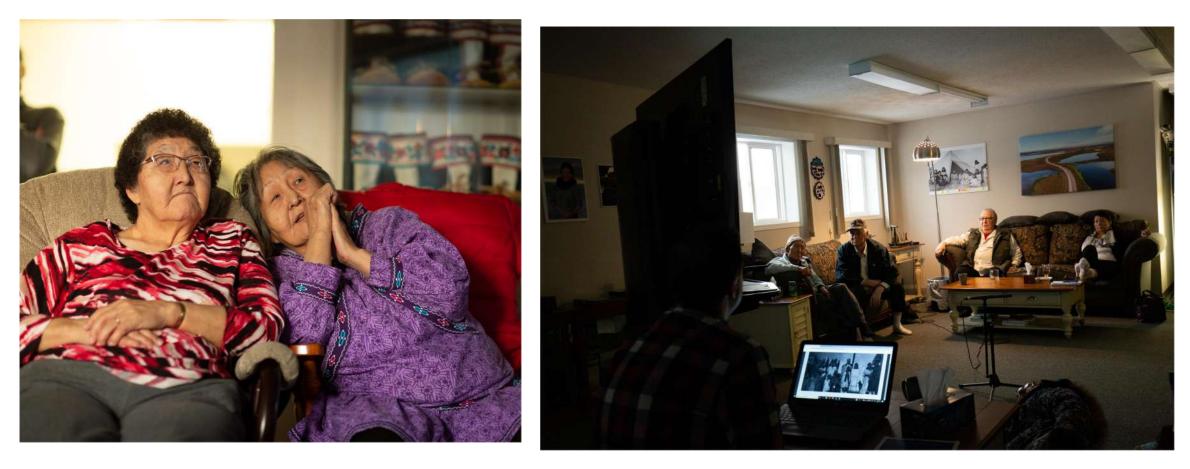
Aklavik: Nellie Arey, Renie Arey Tuktoyaktuk: Agnes White, Fred Wolki, Sandy Wolki Inuvik: Sammy Lennie Paulatuk: George Krengnektak, Elizabeth Kuptana, Annie Thrasher Sachs Harbour: Margaret Carpenter Ulukhaktok: Mary Kudlak, Connie Alanik

Inuvialuit Elders Storytelling Gathering November 12-15, 2019





Inuvialuit Elders Storytelling Gathering November 12-15, 2019



Inuvialuit stories

- Workshop Moderator: Beverly Siliuyaq Amos
- Language of the stories:
 - Inuvialuktun
 - Kangiryuarmiutun (Ulukhaktok),
 - Sallirmiutun (Tuktoyaktuk, Sachs Harbour, and Paulatuk),
 - Uumarmiutun (Inuvik and Aklavik)
 - English
- Format:
 - Stories of their own choosing,
 - Moderator presented topics of interest for discussion (e.g., genealogy and the pronunciation of names, preservation of language).

What are the stories about?

Joys and challenges of life on the land, local legends and tales, stories of community heroes, drum dancing and traditional games, language learning and loss.

Identification of key elements of stories

- Being present and listening to all the stories told by the elders
- Conversations about Inuvialuit names and the anglicized names given to people by the government
- Watch and listen to the recordings of the stories
- Listen to Agnes White as she was translating stories from Inuvialuktun into English

Stories in Inuvialuktun

Agnes white, an Inuvialuit elder fluent in all three dialects, was an instrumental research partner as she would translate and summarize some of the stories that were told in Inuvialuktun.

Elders would switch between Inuvialuktun and English during the storytelling.



Nellie Arey stories (Tuesday November 12, 2019)

- Time: Spring time, Fall Time, Summer Time, Winter time
- Fish, bear, squirrels, caribou, birds, wolverine
- Relatives: dad, brother, sister, auntie, families
- Education, hunting, climbing, skinning, tanning
- Traps, meat, axe, water, snow, animal parts, shoes, food
- Emotions: scared, crying
- Alaska, Aklavik, Herschel Island
- Proper names: Annie, Fred



Facets and topics

- Property: Types of weather, winter, summer, Fall, types of cold and types of snow
- Action and operations: hunting, gathering, cooking, warming, building
- Agent: elders, relatives, cousins, brothers, sisters, RCMP, government agencies, Priests
- Animals: Caribou, Bear, Beluga whale, ducks
- Objects: Ulu, harpoon, schooner
- Places (Space): towns, villages, hamlets, oceans, lakes, Islands, Inuvialuit communities (Paulatuk, Ulukhaktok, Sachs Harbour, Tuktoyaktuk, Inuvik, and Aklavik), residential schools – examples Herschel Island, Banks Island, churches, schools, igloos
- *Time*: decades, years

Diversity in Description and Metadata

- Language(s) and dialect(s)
- Names of people and places
- Traditional and westernized forms of names
- Include local subjects
- Include variant forms and spellings
- Note contributor roles (individuals and organizations)
- Enable community contributions (keywords, tags or stories)

HOLMAN IN WINTER



Collection

Dr. N.E. Hunt Photo Collection

Title

Holman in winter

People

Hunt, David E., 1925-

Date

1968-1969

Description

Photograph of Holman in winter

Subject

Digital images

Winter

City & town life

Places

Nunaptingni (Northwest Territories) Ulukhaqtuuq / Uluksaqtuuq (Ulukhaktok) Kaanata / Kanata (Canada)

DRUM DANCING



Collection

Inuvialuit Cultural Centre Videos

Citation

Inuvialuit Regional Corporation (IRC), "Drum Dancing," *Inuvialuit Cultural Centre Digital Library*, accessed June 18, 2022, https://inuvialuitdigitallibrary.ca/items/show/2410.

Social Bookmarking

Title

Drum Dancing

People

Inuvialuit Regional Corporation (IRC) Inuvialuit Regional Corporation (IRC) (executive producer) Carpenter, Les L. (narrator) Albert, Ruth M. (narrator) McLeod, Esther (narrator) Kisoun, Yvonne (English voice over) Fry, Frank (English voice over) Refshauge, Chris (supervising producer) Gordon, Debbie (producer) Arey, Renie (producer) Coates, Ken (writer) Refshauge, Chris (writer) Landy, Robert (camera) Vaughan, Lantry (camera) Lindenthaler, Max (camera)

Concluding remarks

- Facet analysis of Indigenous stories provides a sophisticated method for the development of metadata and description framework for Inuvialuit knowledge organization and representation.
- Community-based research methods such as ethnography and participatory design contribute to a deeper insight into the epistemological and ontological aspects of Indigenous knowledge and stories.
- Indigenous stories are multifaceted, containing cultural, geographical, linguistic, social, genealogical, emotional, and environmental elements and nuances.



Acknowledgements

Photo credits:

Elizabeth Kolb (IRC)

Inuvialuit Voices Research Team

Inuvialuit Cultural Centre









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