# KOS in Humanities Research and Cultural Heritage Collections

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### Research Projects

- Digital Atlas of the Roman Empire, part of Pelagios Commons <a href="http://dare.ht.lu.se">http://dare.ht.lu.se</a>
- Formative Wisdom. The Reception of Monastic Sayings in European Culture: Scholarly Collaboration on a Digital Platform, <a href="http://monastica.ht.lu.se">http://monastica.ht.lu.se</a>

## Research data publishing

- static publishing (static files on servers and metadata), although compiled in Data catalogues and registries
- dynamic publishing (databases, serialization of data, Linked Open Data, visualization and analysis

## Research data Life cycle Source: www.jisc.ac.uk



### Sources of Humanities data

- Cultural heritage data (e.g. manuscripts and texts, artefacts) in libraries, archives and museums
- Open governmental data (e.g. administrative data, geographic data)
- Research data made available by others
- Own data collection

# Humanities as data producer/publisher

 Humanities data could be regarded as cultural heritage data, e.g. transcriptions and critical editions of source texts, archaeological finds, listings of historical places, persons and organizations

# Linked Open Data (LOD) in the Humanities

- Linked Open Data as organizing principle for research data publishing
- Stable identifiers and shared ontologies
- Dynamic publishing in real time

### Dual purpose publishing

- Machine readable (actionable) data, real time access of large amount of data in well known formats (rdf)
- Human readable data
- Served by a common interface through content negotiation

### Authority data

- Solve ambiguities in identification of entities, especially in a LOD context
- Authority data for historical persons, places, time periods, online gazetteers, prosopographies and lists of organizations and territories
- Additional authority data (VIAF, Wikidata, etc.)

## Digitized source material





#### DIE URKUNDEN

DER

#### KAROLINGER

HERAUSGEGEBEN

YOU DEE

GESELLSCHAFT FÜR ÄLTERE DEUTSCHE GESCHICHTSKUNDE.

ERSTER BAND.

#### DIE URKUNDEN PIPPINS, KARLMANNS UND KARLS DES GROSSEN

ONTER MITWIERUMS TO

ALFONS DOPSCH, JOHANN LECHNER, MICHAEL TANGL BEARRETET VOS

ENGELBERT MÜHLBACHER.

HANNOVER BARNSCHE BUCHBANDLUNG 1996

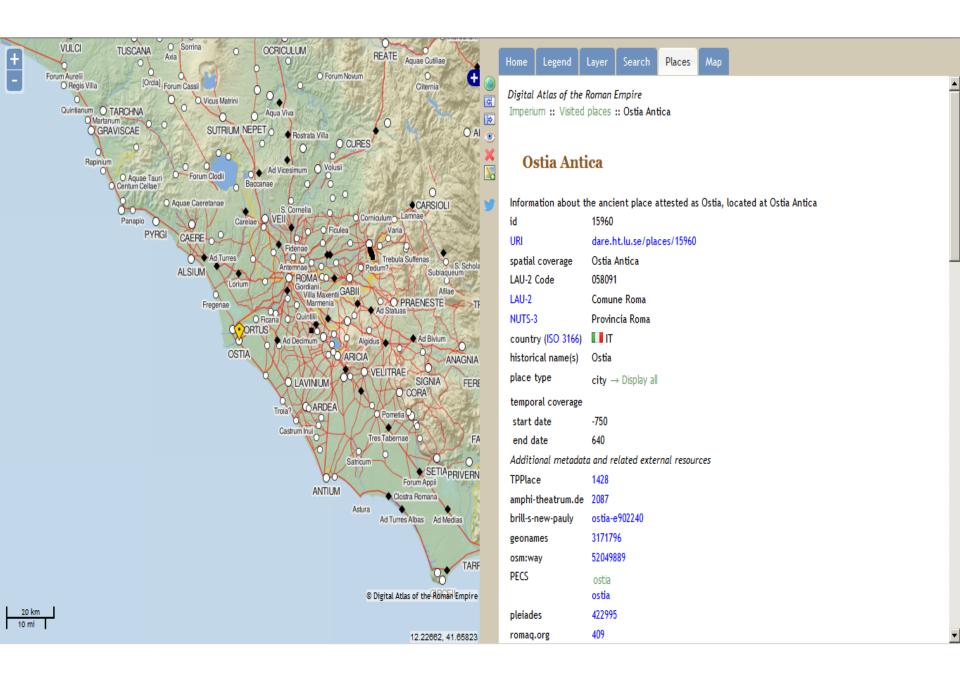


## Organizing and sharing

- gazetteers of historical places
- prosopographies of historical persons
- Gazetteer of historical time periods

## Digital Atlas of the Roman Empire

- a highly accurate and comprehensive digital gazetteer of ancient places attested in archaeological and textual sources belonging to the Greek and Roman civilizations
- A digital base map of the Ancient world, vizualisation of the gazetteer



### **Pelagios Commons**

- Pelagios is a decentrelized community and infrastructure for Linked Open Data in the Humanities
- Alignment of digital resources to gazetteers such as Pleiades and DARE (Open Annotations)

### **Pelagios Commons**

- Stable URI:s to content on the Web
- Linking to one of 6 gazetteers
- Pelagios is a content aggregator, not a provider

### Pelagios data

- American Numismatic Society
- Europeana Eagle project (inscriptions)
- Papyri.info
- Arachne German archaeological institute

### Infrastructure

- Authority files for people, places and time periods
- Historical Gazetteers through Pelagios Commons, e.g. <a href="http://dare.ht.lu.se">http://dare.ht.lu.se</a>,
  <a href="http://pleiades.stoa.org">http://pleiades.stoa.org</a>
- Prosopographies, https://snapdrgn.net
- Time periods, http://perio.do

### Sustainability issues

- Research is organized as short term projects
- No infrastructure for archiving and publishing of research data, especially not LOD-based data retrieval based on persistent identifiers
- No stable online infrastructure for visualization and analysis within universities

### Time periods

- The PeriodO period gazetteer documents definitions of historical period names
- give the period a name,
- impose some temporal bounds on the period, have some implicit or explicit association with a geographical region,
- and have been formally or informally published in some citable source

### Aim of the infrastructure

- Identify entities in source material
- Knowledge sharing